ANNOTATED LIST OF BACTERIA AND FUNGI ON VEGETABLE CROPS IN THE PHILIPPINES

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ABSTRACT

Vegetable diseases were surveyed during the months of January through March in various provinces of the Philippines. Also the relevant literature was reviewed for diseases recorded on vegetables in the country. From 37 vegetable crops 135 bacterial and fungal pathogens are sofar known and listed here. Among these 39 pathogens apparently have not been recorded before in the country, 37 were found in the literature only and were not seen in the field during the dry season or the areas visited. We assume that this list is not complete but is a critical up-date.

INTRODUCTION

This report is based on two surveys in March 1989 and January/February 1991 in major vegetable growing areas of the Philippines, and on a review of literature on vegetable diseases published from the Philippines. For the definition of "vegetables" we largely follow Tindall (1983). During the surveys collections were made in more than 400 fields. This material was studied in the laboratory to identify the pathogens in the symptoms found. For the identification authoritative key literature was generally used, e.g. M. B. Ellis, (1971, 1976), Chupp (1954) and Sutton (1980). In some cases, particularly for bacterial diseases, we relied on specific studies made by Filipino authors which reliably proved the presence of a particular species in the country, and on typical symptoms, exsudates and some isolations. Some of the reported species we did not see ourselves, but they are included in this list with their valid names. These species are indicated by a +. We also include some of the fungi which generally are considered saprophytic but were frequently found connected with distinct symptoms or decay. The ratings on occurrence and intensity are from our surveys during the dry seasons of 1989 and 1991.

A host index is appended.

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- 1 Albugo candida (Pers. ex Chev.) Kuntze, white rust on pechay, radish in Benguet; general but of little importance.
- 2 A. ipomocae panduratae (Schwein.) Swins., white rust on kangkong in Cebu and Cagayan de Oro.
- 3 Alternaria alternata (Fr.) Keissler, on sweet pepper, Vigan.
- 4 A. brassicae (Berk.) Sacc. (= Macrosporium brassicae Berk.), zonate leaf spot on broccoli, cabbage, cauliflower, Chinese cabbage, pechay and radish in Benguet, general during the dry season; and also in Bukidnon, rare; of little importance on broccoli, cabbage and cauliflower, occasionally more important on Chinese cabbage, also seen on pods of radish.
- A. brassicicola (Schw.) Wiltshire, zonate dark leaf spot on broccoli, cabbage, cauliflower, mustard and pechay in Benguet, Cebu and Vigan. Very similar is the fungus causing a gray zonate leaf spot on cruciferous plants in the La Trinidad Valley reported by Fajardo & Palo (1934) as A. herculae (Ellis & Everh.) Elliot.
- A. cucumerina (Ellis & Everh.) Elliot, leaf spot of cucumber, Baguio.
- 7 A. dauci (Kuehn) Skolko & Groves = <u>Macrosporium carotae</u> Ellis & Langlois, leaf spot and necrosis of carrot in Benguet and Cebu, rare and slight.
- 8 A. longissima Deighton & MacGarvie, on leaf spots of eggplant, Baguio; and okra, Los Banos.
- A. porri (Ellis) Cif., purple blotch of onion in Benguet, Cebu and Vigan; common and sometimes severe.
- 10 A. solani Sorauer, zonate leaf spot of tomato; common in Bukidnon.
- 11 A. tenuissima (Kunze ex Pers.) Wiltshire, on drying onion leaves, San Fernando, Pampanga; on asparagus, Baguio; on pods of lima beans, Los Banos.
- 12 A. cf. brassicae, in leaf spots of Baguio beans at La Trinidad and Baguio; sweet peas at Buguias, Benguet; and in leafspots of eggplant in Pangasinan.

- 13 Ampelomyces quisqualis Ces., hyperparasite of powdery mildew. Found on Oidium sp. of chayote; very common and practically suppressing the mildew in the area around Baguio and La Trinidad. More slightly on powdery mildew of mungbean at Sta. Barbara, Pangasinan and on sitao in Bukidnon; on squash at La Trinidad, Cebu and Bukidnon, and on okra, Los Banos.
- Ascochyta abelmoschi Harter, in leaf spots of okra, Asingan, Pangasinan and at Los Banos. A. gossypii and A. phaseolorum are also mentioned in the Rev. of Plant Pathology, but Weber (1973) and Holliday (1980) accept A. abelmoschi.
- 15 A. cucumis Fautr. & Roum. (= anamorph of <u>Didymella bryoniae</u> [Auersw.] Rehm), in leaf spots of cucumber, Agoo, La Union; associated with important damage.
- 16 A. ? lycopersici (Plowr.) Brunaud in leaf spots of eggplant Asingan, Pangasinan. If it is A. lycopersici then it would be the anamorph of Didymella lycopersici Klebahn. Another name in the literature (Baker & Stevens, 1931) is Diplodia degenerans Died.
- 17 A. phaseolorum Sacc., in small brown leaf spots of sitao, rare, Cebu; on pods of Baguio beans, rare, Cebu. A. abelmoschi is considered to be synonymous by some authors.
- 18 A. pinodes Jones (= anamorph of Mycosphaerella pinodes [Berk. & Brox.] Vestengr.) leaf spot and on stems of sweet peas, Benguet and Bukidnon; apparently more rarely occuring than A. pisi, found at 2,300 meters, also the perfect stage in March.
- 19 A. pisi Lib., zonate leaf spot of sweet peas and rot of the stems basis (wilt), Benguet, also in Bukidnon; common and at places severe.
- 20 Ascochyta sp., in leaf spots of chayote, Benguet; rare.
- 21 Ascochyta sp., in typical Alternaria spots of potato, Sayangan, Benguet, common there but slight (heavily sprayed). No Ascochyta sp. on potato is listed by Sutton (1980). Holliday (1980) refers to Phoma destructiva Plowr. as occuring in leaf spots similar to those caused by Alternaria solani Sorauer (CMI Descriptions No. 475).
- 22 +Asteroma phaseolina Brun., black pod rot of Phaseolus beans (Reinking, 1919).
- 23 + Bremia lactucae Regel, downy mildew of lettuce (Reinking, 1919).

- +Botrytis allii Munn., on leaves of onion (Benigno & Quebral, 24
- Cercospora apii Fres., leaf spot of celery, Benguet, less frequent 25 than Septoria apiicola; also in Bukidnon.
- C. asparagi Sacc., leaf spot and die-back of asparagus, Baguio; 26
- C. brassicicola P. Henn., leaf spot of Chinese cabbage, Cebu and of 27 pechay and radish, Benguet; severe in two fields some kilometers apart. The specimen on pechay, however, does not fit well the CMI description of pathogenic Fungi and Bacteria No. 722, as conidiophores are indistinct, the rather short and slightly curved conidia had 3-4 septae only.
- C. canescens Ellis & Martin, angular or round leaf spot, also on 28 dead vines of Baguio beans and mungbeans; common and sometimes damaging, though in many cases it may be too late for serious yield losses.
- C. capsici Heald & Wolf, frog-eye on leaves of hot pepper, Benguet, 29 Pangasinan, Vigan and Bukidnon; not serious on leaves but it may cause fruit drop.
- C. carotae (Pass.) Kasnowski & Siemaszko, leaf necrosis of carrots. 30 Sayangan, Benguet; on lower leaves, not severe.
- C. citrullina Cooke = C. cucurbitae Ellis & Everh., distinct leaf 31 spot on ampalaya, chayote, patola and squash; common with, perhaps, a considerable pathogenic potential.
- C. coriandri Jacz., leaf spot of coriander, Cebu. 32
- C. cruenta Sacc. (= anamorph of Mycosphaerella cruenta), leaf 33 spot on all beans, also on batao (Lablab niger = Dolichus lablab); common and sometimes severe, particularly on sitao and mungbean.
- C. duddiae Welles, leaf spot of garlic, Vigan; common. 34
- C. ipomoeae Wint., brown slightly zonate leaf spot of kangkong. 35 Cebu and Cagayan de Oro.
- C. longissima Cugini ex Trav., circular leaf spot of lettuce, Talisay, 36 Cebu.

C. malayensis Stev. & Solheim, in leaf spots of okra, Los Baños (See also M.B. Ellis, 1976).

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- +C. melongenae Welles, grayish brown, sometimes zonate leaf spot 38 of eggplant (M.B. Ellis, 1976).
- C. petroselini Sacc., leaf spot of parsley (kinsai), Baguio and Cebu. 39
- C. solani-melongenae Chupp, leaf spot of eggplant, near Baguio and in Bukidnon; rare. The specimens with subhyaline conidia fit M.B. Ellis (1976) description of C. solani-melongenae better than C. melongena and C. solanicola, which both have hyaline conidia.
- C. solanicola Atk., in typical Alternaria leaf spots of potato, 41 Benguet. The conidiophores are not branched as in Mycovellosiella concors (Caspary) Deighton (= Cercospora concors Caspary).
- Choanephora cucurbitarum (Berk. & Rav.) Thaxt., pod rot of sitao, 42 Baguio; severe rot of young fruits of okra, Calamba.
- +Cladosporium cucumerinum Ellis & Arth., scab or gummosis of 43 cucumber (Benigno & Quebral, 1977).
- C. oxysporum Berk. & Curt., in leaf necrosis of melon, St. Ana, Pampanga; in leaf spot of okra, Los Baños; and on decaying parts of ampalaya, Cebu.
- C. tenuissimum Cooke, in leaf spots of sitao, Angat, Bulacan; on 45 dead leaves of onion, San Fernando, Pampanga; not C. magnusianum (Jaap) M.B. Ellis or C. allii-cepae (Ranojevic) M.B. Ellis; on decaying vines of upo, Pampanga, also on rotting young fruits of upo, Pampanga. M. B. Ellis (1976) considers this species as being close to C. oxysporum.
- Cladosporium spp., leaf mold on eggplant in Pangasinan, Benguet, 46 Pampanga and Bukidnon, common but not Fulvia fulva. Also found on leaf necrosis of patola, Pampanga, on okra, Benguet; in leaf spots and on dead plant parts of Baguio beans, Benguet, in leaf spots of squash, Pangasinan and Benguet.
- Colletotrichum circinans (Berk.) Vogl., smudge of onion, Los
- 48 C. gloeosporioides Penz. (= anamorph of Glomerella cingulata [Stonem.] Spauld. & Schrenk.), fruit rot of sweet pepper, Baguio and Los Baños.

- 49 C. lindemuthianum (Sacc. & Magn.) Br. & Car., anthracnose on pods of Lima beans, Los Baños; and of Baguio beans, Bukidnon.
- 50 C. orbiculare (Berk. & Mont.) Arx = C. lagenarium (Pass.) Ellis & Halstedt, anthracnose, and possibly the cause of premature death of vines of chayote in Benguet; on petioles of ampalaya, Los Baños, apparently rare.
- 51 Colletotrichum sp., on pods of winged beans, very rare, Los Baños.
- 52 Corynospora cassiicola (Berk. & Curt.) Wei, in small leaf spots of sitao, Benguet (the fungus is known as pathogen on cowpea); on dying plant parts of ampalaya, Cebu and Pampanga; on upo, Pampanga; in distinct leaf spots of cucumber, Marcos Highway, Benguet; on moribund parts of winged beans, Los Baños.
- 53 Curvularia lunata (Wakker) Boedijn (= anamorph of Cochliobolus lunatus Nelson & Haasis), on leaves of garlic showing a yellowing, Los Baños.
- 54 C. ovoidea (Hiroe & Watan.) Muntanola, on rotting fruit and stem basis of sweet pepper, Vigan, rare.
- 55 C. pallescens Boedijn (= anamorph of <u>Cochliobolus pallescens</u> [Tsuda & Ueyama] Sivan.), in leaf spots of squash, Sta. Barbara, Pangasinan; sitao and okra, Los Baños.
- +Diplodia natalensis Pole Evans (= anamorph of Physalospora rhodina [Berk. & Curt.] Cooke), stem-end rot of melon and squash (Teodoro, 1959), gray fruit rot of squash (Benigno & Quebral, 1977), pod rot of mungbean (Ilag & Marfil, 1972) Los Baños. A Physalospora sp. was found on pods of an unidentified bean species in Bukidnon.
- 57 +D. phaseolina Sacc., pod rot of Baguio bean (Baker & Stevens, 1931).
- 58 Erysiphe cichoraceurum DC. ex Merat, as Oidium sp. on tomato, Benguet, Pangasinan, Pampanga, Los Baños and Bukidnon.
- 59 E. heraclei DC. ex St.-Am., powdery mildew of carrot (as <u>Oidium</u> sp.), slight in the BPI garden at Baguio.
- 60 E. pisi DC ex St.-Am. = E. polygoni DC. em. Salmon pro parte fide Kapoor, CMI Descript. No. 155. Powdery mildew of sweet peas (as Oidium sp.), common in high altitudes and at La Trinidad, Benguet and sometimes severe; also on stem bases in Bukidnon.

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- 61 +Erwinia carotovora var. carotovora, (Jones) Dye, soft rot on cabbage, broccoli (possibly in connection with boron deficiency), Baguio, rare; severe on Chinese cabbage, Mantalongon, Cebu and in Bukidnon; soft root rot of parsley and carrot, Baguio, rare. Benigno & Quebral (1977) list soft rots attributed to this bacterium on cabbage, carrot, cauliflower, celery, cucumber, eggplant, garlic, lettuce, onion, pechay, pepper, potato, radish.
- 62 +E. carotovora var. atroseptica (Van Hall) Dye = <u>Bacillus</u> phytophthorus Appel (Reinking, 1919), black leg of potato, Cawayan, Bukidnon, also occurring in Benguet.
- 63 Fulvia fulva (Cooke) Cif. = Cladosporium fulvum Cooke, leaf mold of tomato, Pangasinan, common and sometimes severe; at Baguio in a greenhouse; at Vigan, slight.
- 64 Fusarium acuminatum Ell. & Ev., on rotting young fruits of upo, Pampanga; the primary cause of this severe condition may be another pathogen.
- 65 F. moniliforme Sheld. (= anamorph of <u>Gibberella fujikoroi</u> [Swa.] Wollenw.), stem-end rot of eggplant fruit, Los Baños.
- +F. oxysporum Schlecht. with its formae speciales has been implicated vascular wilts of cabbage and cucumber (Teodoro, 1959). Benigno & Quebral (1977) list formae speciales in the Philippines for garlic (cepae), mungbean (phaseoli), melon (melonis), and tomato (lycopersici). We feel, that the entire will syndrome of vegetables in the Philippines needs a diagnostic revision. There is a tendency to assign wilts seen in the fields to bacterial wilt, which, if not applicable, does not consider other true vascular wilt pathogens, nor root and collar rot incitants, which may require different control measures. Micosa & Ilag (1977) isolated the fungus from fruit rots of sweet pepper at Los Baños; we found it in leaf spots of okra, Los Baños.
- 67 +F. oxysporum Schlecht. f. sp. conglutinans (Wr.) Snyder & Hansen, yellowish of cabbage (Teodoro, 1959).
- 68 F. semitectum Berk. & Rav., on rotting fruit of tomato, Pangasinan, rare; sweet pepper, near Vigan, rare.
- 69 +F. solani (Mart.) Appel. & Wr., isolated from fruit rots of Capsicum annuum at Los Baños (Micosa & Ilag, 1977). F. solani is also recorded as cause of a stem-end rot of muskmelon and of a stem rot of beans (Benigno & Quebral, 1977).

- 70 +F. udum (Berk.) Wr., bulb rot of onion at Los Baños and in Batangas (Gamo, 1929).
- 71 +F. zonatum (Sherb.) Wr., bulb rot of onion (Palo, 1929).
- 72 +Helminthosporium lycopersici Roldan, leaf blight of potato in Los Baños (Saiyanando & Celino, 1940). It could be <u>Corynospora cassiicola</u> from the drawings published. This name is not accepted by M. B. Ellis (1971, 1976).
- 73 Leptosphaeria sp., in leaf spots of okra, Los Baños.
- 74 Leptosphaerulina ?trifolii (Rost.) Petr., on pods of Baguio beans, Cebu.
- 75 Leveillula taurica (Lev.) Arn., powdery mildew of sweet pepper, Bukidnon; severe in one field.
- 76 +Melanconium lycopersici Orillo, fruit rot, and on other plant parts of tomato (Orillo & Bombay, 1952).
- 77 Monilinia sp., in rotting young upo fruits, Los Baños.
- Oidium spp., powdery mildew found on tomato (insignificant in Benguet, Pampanga, Los Baños), eggplant (insignificant in Pangasinan, Los Baños), ampalaya (hardly visible on lower leaf surfaces, causing yellow spots on the upper side; Bulacan, Los Baños, Cebu); chayote (with hyperparasite, Benguet), patola (Pampanga), squash (Benguet, Pangasinan, Pampanga, Cebu and Bukidnon, sometimes with the hyperparasite A. quisqualis), upo (Los Baños), watermelon (Vigan), okra (Pampanga, Los Baños, Cebu and Bukidnon), sitao (frequent in Pangasinan, Vigan, Pampanga, Los Baños, Cebu), mungbean (Pangasinan, Pampanga, Cagayan de Oro), cowpea (Bukidnon). Powdery mildews on tomato and okra is due to Erysiphe cichoracearum DC. ex Merat according to Quimio & Naduyan (1980). Powdery mildew of ampalaya (obviously a poor host), chayote, patola and squash, eggplant, mungbean and sitao are refered by Kapoor to Sphaerotheca fuliginea (Schlecht. ex Fr.) Poll. in CMI Descript. No. 159, who also cites okra as a host for this species.
- 79 Peronospora parasitica (Pers.) ex Fr., downy mildew of cabbage and Chinese cabbage in Benguet, Cebu and Bukidnon, widespread, may be serious on young plants; on radish in Benguet and Bulacan, common.

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- 4P. destructor (Berk.) Casp. ex Berk., downy mildew of onion; severe in Ilocos Norte (Agati et al., 1952).
- 81 Phaeoisariopsis griseola (Sacc.) Ferraris, angular leaf spots of Baguio beans, Benguet and Cebu; can be severe also on pods.
- 82 Phaeoramularia cf. bruchiana (Speg.) Deighton, leaf spot of eggplant, Bukidnon; symptom resembles leaf spots by <u>Cercospora</u> solani melongenae.
- 4-Phoma bakeriana Sacc., on mature pods of <u>Vigna</u> spp. (Reinking, 1919).
- P. lingam (Tode ex Fr.) Desm. (= anamorph of <u>Leptosphaeria</u> maculans (Desm.) Ces. & de Not.), leaf spot of cabbage, and Chinese cabbage.
- 85 +P. tenastris Hansen, pink rot of onion (Teodoro, 1959).
- 86 Phoma sp., fruit rot of sweet pepper, Los Baños. Orillo et al. (1959) give P. destructiva Plowr. as cause.
- 87 Phomopsis capsici (Magnaghi) Sacc. = Phoma capsici Magnaghi (= anamorph of Diaporthe capsici Punithalingam), die-back of peppers, and in fruit rots of pepper at Los Baños; spindel-shaped one-celled conidia with two distinct guttulae (see also CMI-Description No. 733).
- 88 P. vexans (Sacc. & Syd.) Harter, in leaf spots of eggplant, Sta. Barbara, Pangasinan, rare; stem canker, common; in Bulacan dieback in one field on about 10% of the plants.
- 89 +Phyllachora phaseolina Syd., tarspot of Baguio beans (Reinking, 1919).
- 90 Phyllosticta hortorum Speg., a minor leaf disease of eggplant at Los Baños (Ceomara, 1957), fruit rot of eggplant, Los Baños; in round, small leaf spots, in Cebu.
- Phyllosticta sp., in zonate leaf spots, potato, BPI garden Baguio, rare. This may well be a Phoma sp. (Sutton (1980) lists the following Phoma spp. on leaves of Solanum tuberosum: P. multirostrata (Mathur et al.) Dorenbosch & Boerema, P. pomorum Thum. (e.g. from Sabah), P. tropica Schneiders & Boerema (e.g. from Fiji). In zonate leaf spots P. andina Turkensteen is described from Latin America. In leaf spots of okra, Los Baños.

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- 92 +Phytophthora capsici Leonian, blight of pepper (Reinking, 1919).
- 93 Ph. infestans (Mont.) de Bary, late blight, of potato and tomato, Benguet and Bukidnon, severe in many places. Late blight is also reported on tomato in Pangasinan, but was not seen in the surveys.
- 94 +Ph. parasitica Dastur = Ph. nicotianae Breda de Haan, root and crown rot of chives in Cavite and of eggplant with wilting symptoms in Batangas, as well as fruit rot of eggplant in Bukidnon (courtesy Dr. P.H. Tsao); fruit rot of muskmelon (Benigno & Quebral, 1977). Ph. melongenae now is a synonym of Ph. parasitica fide Dr. P.H. Tsao.
- 95 +Ph. phaseoli Thaxt., downy mildew of Lima beans (Benigno & Quebral, 1977).
- 96 +Phytophthora sp., in crown rot of Chinese cabbage, Bukidnon (courtesy Dr. P.H. Tsao).
- 97 Plasmodiophora brassicae Woron., clubroot of cabbage and Chinese cabbage in Benguet, a very serious, still spreading disease. Occurs certainly on other brassicas as well, but was not seen during the survey.
- Pseudocercospora abelmoschi (Ellis & Everh.) Deighton = <u>Cercospora abelmoschi</u> Ellis & Everh. = <u>C. hibisci</u> Tracy & Earle, leaf mold of okra; common, sometimes severe, but not damaging.
- 99 P. fuligena (Roldan) Deighton = <u>Cercospora fuligena</u> Roldan, leaf mold of tomato, Pangasinan; common but slight; in Bukidnon occasionally. According to Quimio (1985) this is one of the most severe diseases during rainy seasons at Los Baños.
- 100 +P. psophocarpi (Yen) Deighton = <u>Cercospora psophocarpi</u> Borlaza & Roldan, angular leaf spots of winged bean (Psophocarpus), Los Baños (Pua & Ilag, 1980).
- 101 Pseudomonas syringae pv. lacrymans (Smith & Bryan) Young, Dye & Wilkie, angular leaf spot and fruit rot of patola, Cagayan de Oro.
- 102 P. syringae pv. phaseolicola (Burkholder) Young, Dye & Wilkie, halo blight of beans (leaves, pods), Mantalongon, Cebu, and Bukidnon; determination is based on halos. Xanthomonas campestris pv. phaseoli (E.F. Smith) Dowson is also reported from the Philippines (Reinking, 1919; Welles, 1922).

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- P. syringae pv. pisi (Sackett) Young, Dye & Wilkie, dark leaf spots (bacterial blight) of sweet peas, Benguet; common. Exsudates were found in the brown lesions and around these leaf spots.
- P. solanacearum (E.F. Smith) E.F. Smith, bacterial wilt of eggplant, potato and tomato whereever these crops are grown in the country. Benigno & Quebral (1977) list the following host plants: ampalaya, beans, pepper, potato, squash and tomato. Later reports comprise cabbage, Chinese cabbage and pechay with biovar III of race 1 (Licardo & Valdez, 1989), cowpea (Quimio, 1974), winged beans with biovar III (Valdez & Almodovar, 1980, Quimio & de la Cruz, 1981) who found between morphovars of biovar III (race 1) differing pathogenicity to eggplant, tomato and pepper. And Alagad & Quimio (1981) could show that isolates from 11 hosts in the Philippines belong to 4 biovars with a distribution varying from each other. For cucurbit the possible involvement of Erwinia tracheiphila (E.F. Smith) Bergey et al. has to be looked into, as it is reported from the Philippines (Reinking, 1919). See also No. 66.
- 105 Pseudoperonospora cubensis (Berk. & Curt.) Rostow., downy mildew of ampalaya, cucumber, melon, patola, squash, upo and watermelon in most places where they are grown. A serious disease on cucumber.
- 106 +Puccinia porri (Sow.) Wint., rust of onion (Elayada, 1935).
- 107 +P. tubulosa (P. & G.) Arth., rust of eggplant (Palo, 1938).
- 108 Pyrenophora sp., on dead leaves of onion, Cebu.
- 109 +Pythium aphanidermatum (Edson) Fitzpatrick.
- 110 +P. butleri Subram.
- 111 +P. debaryanum Hesse.
- 112 +P. deliense Meurs.
- 113 + P.irregulare Busman.
- 114 +P. myriotylum Drechsler.
- 115 +P. ultimum Trow.

These species were isolated from soil sampled from various parts of the Philippines by Quimio & Abiley (1977) and are often implicated with rots of underground plant parts, and damping-off of various vegetables. P. aphanidermatum (cucumber, lettuce, pechay) as well as cottony leaves on eggplants and P. debaryanum (beans, cabbage, celery, lettuce, okra, peas, pepper, radish) are listed by Benigno & Quebral (1977) on vegetables in the Philippines.

- Rhizoctonia solani Kühn (= anamorph of Thanatephorus cucumeris [Frank] Donk), damping-off, root and collar rots of potato, pepper and beans, Benguet, Pangasinan and Bukidnon. Causes also bottom rot of cabbage (Halos & Molina, 1980). The list of Benigno & Quebral (1977) contains the following diseases on vegetables: Damping-off (beans, cabbage, cauliflower, celery, eggplant, lettuce, pechay, potato, tomato, radish, squash), root rot (beans, peas), stem rot (carrot), stem canker (peas), blight or leaf spots (beans, eggplant, pepper), heart rot (cabbage), pod rot (beans) fruit rot (eggplant) and black scurf (potato).
- 117 Rhizopus stolonifer (Ehrenb. ex Fr) Lind. = R. nigricans Ehrenb., in rotting fruit (black profuse mycelium) of tomato, Sta. Barbara, Pangasinan; rare.
- Sclerotinia sclerotiorum (Lib.) de Bary, cottony rot of Phaseolus vulgaris, severe at Baguio and La Trinidad in 1991, not seen in 1989; on sitao at Agoo, La Union rare; soft root rot of parsley, Baguio, rare, but severe in patches. As S. libertiana Fuckel it was reported as cause of head watery rot of cabbage (Fajardo, 1934).
- 119 +Sclerotium cepivorum Berk., white rot of garlic and onion (Benigno & Quebral, 1977).
- S. rolfsii Sacc. (= anamorph of Corticium rolfsii Curzi), damping-off seen on: mungbean, Benguet, rare; tomato, rare at Agoo, La Union, severe at San Fernando, Pampanga; sweet pepper, Vigan; rare on cabbage in Bukidnon. Benigno & Quebral (1977) list the following diseases caused by the pathogen on a number of hosts: Damping-off (ampalaya, beans, cabbage, cauliflower, celety, eggplant, lettuce, peas, pechay, potato, radish, squash), root rot/wilt (beans, eggplant, lettuce, pepper, potato), blight (eggplant, lettuce, onion).
- 121 Septoria apiicola Speg., leaf spot of celery, Benguet; common, but not always important. <u>S.apii</u> Rostrup and <u>S. apii-graveolens</u> Doragin are synonyms according to Suttons & Waterston, CMI Descript. No. 88.

- 5. Iycopersici Speg., leaf spot of tomato (a local variety), Mantalongon, Cebu; rare.
- 123 S. petroselini Desm., leaf spot of parsley, Baguio; rare.
- 124 S. vignae P. Henn., small brown leaf spot of sitao, Cebu and Bukidnon.
- 125 + Sphaceloma sp., scab on mungbean at Los Baños, Isabela, Pampanga (Ilag & Marsil, 1980).
- 126 Sphaerellopsis filum (Biv.-Bern. ex Fr.) Sutton = <u>Darluca filum</u>
 Biv.-Bern. ex Fr., hyperparasite of <u>Uromyces appendiculatus</u>,
 Cebu; an ubiquist rust hyperparasite, but rather rare on <u>U. appendiculatus</u> in the Philippines.
- 127 Stemphylium botryosum Wallr. (= anamorph of Pleospora herbarum [Pers. ex Fr.] Rabenh.), both seen on decaying lower leaves of sweet peas, Englanda, Benguet; also on beans and on dying onion leaves, Los Baños.
- 128 +S. lycopersici (Enjoji) Yamamoto, Opina et al. (1980) and Valdez & Opina (1980) report S. lycopersici on tomato and pepper at Los Baños.
- 129 +Spongospora subterreanea (Wallr.) Lagerh. f. sp. subterranea Tomlinson, powdery scab of potato, Benguet.
- +Streptomyces scabies (Thaxter) Waksman & Henrici, common scab of potato, Benguet.
- 131 Synchytrium psophocarpi (Racib.) Gaeumann = Woroninella psophocarpi Racib., orange gall of winged bean, Los Baños.
- + Urocystis cepulae Frost., smut of onions and garlic (Elayada, 1935).
- 133 Uromyces appendiculatus (Pers.) Unger, rust (mostly as uredospores, occasionally as teliospores) of Baguio bean, sitao and mungbean, Benguet, Bulacan, Bukidnon and Cagayan de Oro; common, and sometimes severe; on mungbean also near San Fernando, Pampanga.
- 134 Xanthomonas campestris pv. campestris (Pammel) Dowson, black rot of broccoli, cabbage, mustard and pechay in Benguet, Cebu, and Bukidnon; can be serious during the rainy season; on radish, Angat, Bulacan, cabbage, Benguet, common.

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X. campestris pv. vesicatoria (Doidge) Dye, bacterial leaf spot and scab on fruits, one of the most severe diseases of tomato at Los Baños (Quimio, 1985), leaf spots also seen on peppers, Vigan and Los Baños. The "bacterial leaf spot" of tomato found in the Economic Garden of Los Baños could be due to this pathogen, but an untypical Erwinia sp. was isolated.

Found after the completion of the manuscript:

Botrytis cinerea Pass., gray mold on lettuce, near Km. 26, Mountain Trail, Benguet.

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(Pathogens are listed by their numbers in the above list)

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